

21.—Statistics of Patents Applied for, Granted, etc., fiscal years 1933-38.

Item.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.
Applications for patents.....No.	10,145	9,267	9,404	12,580	10,668	10,950
Patents granted.....“	10,241	9,124	8,713	7,791	8,477	7,720
Certificates for renewal fees.....“	11	10	12	2	Nil	1
Caveats granted.....“	470	466	445	394	423	309
Assignments.....“	7,354	6,577	6,840	8,145	7,723	8,249
Fees received, net.....\$	393,067	362,146	353,460	386,542	377,453	367,127

Copyrights and Trade Marks.—Registration of copyright is governed by c. 32, R.S.C., 1927, and applications for protection relating to copyrights should be addressed to the Commissioner of Patents, Ottawa, Canada.

The Copyright Act of 1921 (amended in 1923 and consolidated in c. 32, R.S.C., 1927) sets out in Sec. 4 the qualifications for a copyright, and in Sec. 5 its duration: "Copyrights shall subsist in Canada . . . in every original literary, dramatic, musical and artistic work, if the author was, at the date of the making of the work, a British subject, a citizen or subject of a foreign country which has adhered to the (Berne) Convention and the additional Protocol . . . or resident within His Majesty's Dominions. The term for which the copyright shall subsist shall, except as otherwise expressly provided by this Act, be the life of the author and a period of fifty years after his death."

Copyright protection is extended to records, perforated rolls, cinematographic films, and other contrivances by means of which a work may be mechanically performed. The intention of the Act is to enable Canadian authors to obtain full copyright protection throughout all parts of His Majesty's Dominions, foreign countries of the Copyright Union, and the United States of America, as well as in Canada.

The Trade Mark and Design Act (c. 201, R.S.C., 1927) was amended by c. 10 of the Statutes of 1928 bringing the Act into agreement with the terms of the Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, as amended at The Hague in 1925 with regard to refusal to register certain trade marks. The renewal of expired trade-mark registration was also provided for, and it was enacted that in certain cases interested parties might apply to the Exchequer Court of Canada for the cancellation of a trade mark at any time within three years from its registration. The Unfair Competition Act, 1932 (22-23 Geo. V, c. 38), repealed all parts of the above Act relating to trade marks and all trade marks are now registered under and protected by the new Act.

22.—Statistics of Copyrights, Trade Marks, etc., fiscal years 1933-38.

Item.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.
Copyrights registered.....No.	2,684	2,537	3,060	3,403	3,249	3,241
Trade marks registered.....“	2,950	2,066	1,686	1,574	2,068	2,189
Industrial designs registered.....“	409	331	430	363	336	544
Timber marks registered.....“	4	6	4	3	10	7
Assignments registered.....“	1,416	1,143	1,090	1,394	2,093	1,688
Fees received, net.....\$	146,274	67,196	72,217	68,220	86,396	85,023